## Math Geometric Symbols with Examples

| Symbol | Symbol Name | Symbol Meaning 산 | Example 삼 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AB | Arc | arc from point A to point B | $\widehat{\mathrm{AB}}=60^{\circ}$ |
| - | Degree | 1 turn $=360^{\circ}$ | $\alpha=60^{\circ}$ |
| $\angle$ | Angle | formed by two rays | $\angle \mathrm{ABC}=30^{\circ}$ |
| $\measuredangle$ | Measured Angle |  | $\angle \mathrm{ABC}=30^{\circ}$ |
| 『 | Spherical Angle |  | $\varangle A O B=30^{\circ}$ |
| $\llcorner$ | Right Angle | $=90^{\circ}$ | $\alpha=90^{\circ}$ |
| , | Arcminute | $1^{0}=60^{\prime}$ | $\alpha=60^{\circ} 59^{\prime}$ |
| " | Arcsecond | $1^{\prime}=60^{\prime \prime}$ | $\alpha=60^{\circ} 59^{\prime} 59^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{\mathrm{AB}}$ | Line | infinite line |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{AB}}$ | Line Segment | line from point A to point B |  |


| $\overrightarrow{A B}$ | Ray | line that start from point A | $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{PQ}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Perpendicular | perpendicular lines ( $90^{\circ}$ angle) | $\overline{\mathrm{AC}} \perp \overline{\mathrm{BC}}$ |
| 11 | Parallel | parallel lines | $\overline{\mathrm{AB}} \\| \overline{\mathrm{CD}}$ |
| $\cong$ | Congruent to | equivalence of geometric shapes and size | $\triangle \mathrm{ABC} \cong \triangle \mathrm{XYZ}$ |
| ~ | Similarity | same shapes, not same size | $\triangle \mathrm{ABC} \sim \triangle \mathrm{XYZ}$ |
| $\Delta$ | Triangle | triangle shape | $\triangle \mathrm{ABC} \cong \triangle \mathrm{BCD}$ |
| $\|x-y\|$ | Distance | distance between points x and y | $\|x-y\|=5$ |
| $\pi$ | pi Constant | $\pi=3.141592654 \ldots$ is the ratio between the circumference and diameter of a circle | $c=\pi \cdot d=2 \cdot \pi \cdot r$ |
| rad | Radians | radians angle unit | $360^{\circ}=2 \pi \mathrm{rad}$ |
| grad | Grads | grads angle unit | $360^{\circ}=400 \mathrm{grad}$ |

